

HEALTHCARE AND HOUSING (H²) SYSTEMS INTEGRATION INITIATIVE WISCONSIN

Medicaid Coverage and Other Health Care Resources

The information in this document is intended primarily to provide people working in subsidized housing and homeless assistance systems basic information about available health care resources. It is also intended to provide context for a discussion on gaps in needed health care services and treatment.

The following resources are covered:

- Federally Qualified Health Centers: Community Health Centers; Health Care for the Homeless
- Free Health Clinics; Rural Health Clinics
- Indian Health Services
- Veterans Health
- Medical Homes
- Resources for the Uninsured
- Behavioral Health Resources
- HIV/AIDS Health Resources
- Managed Care
- Medical Homes
- Medicaid

HEALTH CARE RESOURCES AND COVERAGE

A variety of health care resources for low-income people exist at the federal and state level. These resources can take the form of health care directly accessible by individuals or funding that flows through organizations that provide health care and related services. Accessing certain resources requires enrollment (and re-certification) in a program based on specific, documented eligibility criteria. As with housing resources, many health care resources are focused on particular populations, such as people experiencing homelessness, people living with HIV/AIDS, veterans, or people with disabilities.

The information presented in this document is intended primarily for housing agencies and providers to gain a basic understanding of the health care resources available in Wisconsin for people living with HIV/AIDS and people experiencing homelessness, the systems through which health care is delivered and funded, and the ways in which people living with HIV/AIDS and people experiencing homelessness can access the health care services they need.

HEALTH CARE SERVICE PROVIDERS

Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs)¹

The Federal Health Center Program serves medically underserved populations or areas, works with special populations, and provides for enhanced Medicaid reimbursement. The four types of health centers are: (1) Community Health Centers; (2) Health Care for the Homeless; (3) Migrant Health Centers; and (4) Public Housing Primary Care Health Centers. Details about Community Health Centers and Health Care for the Homeless Programs are below.

¹ Wisconsin Department of Health Services (DHS), Division of Health Care Access and Accountability (DHCAA), Bureau of Enrollment Policy and Systems (BEPS), <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/fqhc.pdf>

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According to the Wisconsin Department of Health Services (DHS), Division of Health Care Access and Accountability (DHCAA), Bureau of Enrollment Policy and Systems (BEPS), there are 20 FQHCs with 42 clinical sites in the state. *[For a list of FQHCs in Wisconsin, please see Appendix A].*

Community Health Centers²

Community Health Centers deliver comprehensive, high-quality preventative and primary health care to patients regardless of their ability to pay. They also provide oral health and behavioral health care tailored to the needs of the communities they serve. Community Health Centers offer a sliding fee discount to people who qualify based on income. According to the Wisconsin DHS Primary Care Program, there are 17 Community Health Centers in the state.

Health Care for the Homeless Programs³

Health Care for the Homeless Programs emphasize a multi-disciplinary approach to delivering care to homeless persons, combining aggressive street outreach with integrated systems of primary care, mental health and substance abuse services, case management, and clinical advocacy. Emphasis is placed on coordinating efforts with other community health providers and social service agencies. There are 3 federally-funded Health Care for the Homeless Programs in Wisconsin (profiled below).

Project Profile: Fox Cities Community Health Center, Inc. (FCCHC)

FCCHC provides direct medical dental and mental health services to homeless individuals and families in **Calumet, Outagamie and Winnebago Counties**. Services are provided onsite at the Emergency Shelter of the Fox Valley Region.

Services: FCCHC provides on site care to residents of the Emergency Shelter of the Fox Valley region and numerous temporary housing facilities throughout the area. A nurse practitioner, substance abuse counselor, and the outreach team at the shelter work collaboratively to provide services at the shelter and the main health center site. Transportation and language support are provided to individuals at both the shelter clinic and Health Center's main location.

Statistics: Estimated homeless population: 1,000; Patients served: 400 (annually)

Project Profile: North East Wisconsin (N.E.W.) Community Clinic

N.E.W. Community Clinic provides health care services to individuals and families who are homeless in the **Brown County area**.

Services: Primary health care, case management, and outreach for substance abuse and mental health are provided in five area shelters and the Salvation Army by a health care team that rotates among these six service sites. N.E.W. Community Clinic also operates a free clinic with volunteer physicians for persons who are uninsured to augment the health care services that are provided in the shelters. Referrals are made for dental care and outpatient AODA/mental health counseling. Cooperative agreements exist with local hospitals, physicians, family planning agencies, and others.

Statistics: Estimated homeless population: 2,900 Patients served: 1,000 (annually)

² Wisconsin DHS Primary Care Program, <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/primarycare/chc.htm>

³ National Healthcare for the Homeless Council, <https://www.nhchc.org/hchdirectory/wi/>

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Project Profile: Outreach Community Health Centers

Outreach Community Health Centers provides directly and/or subcontracts for services for medical, dental, mental health, substance abuse, emergency housing, crisis intervention, prenatal care coordination, case management/ protective payee, outreach, and advocacy in the **Milwaukee metropolitan area**. Outreach Community Health Centers also provides HIV/AIDS prevention, testing, and counseling.

Services: Direct services include mental health, case management for persons with severe and persistent mental illness, persons with substance abuse issues, and persons with HIV/AIDS, protective payee assistance, prenatal care coordination, transitional housing for families, substance abuse counseling, HIV/AIDS services and primary care on-site and subcontracted at four locations.

Statistics: Estimated homeless population: 15,000-20,000; Patients served: 11,111 (annually)

Free Clinics⁴

Free health and medical clinics offer services free of cost or for a nominal fee to persons who have limited income, no health insurance, or do not qualify for Medicaid or Medicare. According to the Wisconsin Department of Health Services, there are 56 free clinics across the state. *[For a list of free and low cost clinics in Wisconsin, please see Appendix B.]*

Rural Health Clinics⁵

A Rural Health Clinic is a federally qualified health clinic (but not a part of the FQHC Program) that is certified to receive special Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services provides advantageous reimbursement as a strategy to increase rural Medicare and Medicaid patients' access to primary care services.

CMS reimburses RHCs differently than it does other facilities. CMS is required to pay RHCs using a prospective payment system (PPS) rather than a cost-based reimbursement system. RHCs receive an interim payment from Medicare, and at the end of the year, this payment is reconciled using the clinic's cost reporting. For services provided to Medicaid patients, states can reimburse using PPS or by an alternative payment methodology that results in a payment equal to what the RHC would receive under PPS. Regardless of whether the patient sees a mid-level provider or a physician, the RHC must receive the same amount for its services.

As of 2015, there are 67 Rural Health Clinics in Wisconsin. *[For a list of Rural Health Clinics in Wisconsin, please see Appendix C].*

Indian Health Services⁶

The Indian Health Services Bemidji Area Office (BAO) provides service and support to 34 Federally-recognized Tribes and 4 Urban Indian Health programs located in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin. Tribal and Urban programs directly employ a multitude of health care providers and staff such as mental health, substance abuse counselors, and community health

⁴ Wisconsin Department of Health Services, <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/free.pdf>

⁵ Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), <https://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/downloads/rhclistbyprovidername.pdf>

⁶ Indian Health Services, <https://www.ihs.gov/bemidji/>

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nurses and representatives. In Wisconsin, there are eleven Tribal Health programs throughout the state and one Urban Indian Health program in Milwaukee.

Veteran Health

Healthcare for Homeless Veterans⁷

Healthcare for Homeless Veterans (HCHV) programs initially served as a mechanism to contract with providers for community-based residential treatment for Veterans experiencing homelessness. Now many HCHV programs serve as the hub for a myriad of housing and other services which provide the VA a way to outreach and assist homeless Veterans by offering them entry to VA care. The central goal is to reduce homelessness among veterans by conducting outreach to those who are the most vulnerable and are not currently receiving services and engaging them in treatment and rehabilitative programs. HCHV's Contract Residential Treatment Program ensures that Veterans with serious mental health diagnoses can be placed in community-based programs that provide quality housing and services.

As of July 2015, the HCHV program operates in two cities in Wisconsin: Madison and Milwaukee.

Milwaukee Homeless Veterans Initiative (MHVI)⁸

Founded and run by veterans, MHVI's mission is to help homeless and at-risk veterans reach and maintain their highest levels of independence. MHVI offers unique programs to fill the gaps for homeless veterans and avoid duplication of efforts through cooperation with the Veterans Administration (VA), Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs, County Veterans Service Officers, and other non-profit agencies. MHVI helps veterans navigate the VA system, has secured benefit claims for more than 100 veterans, and has brought many more into the Veterans Administration system to receive health care and enroll in other programs.

In addition, MHVI's Wellness Assessment Program does follow-up interviews with veterans that have moved into housing to see how they are doing and what unmet needs may exist. After an assessment, MHVI connects veterans with services to help them with medical needs and quality of life issues.

Resources for the Uninsured in Wisconsin

Access Community Health⁹

Access Community Health Centers provide affordable and comprehensive primary medical and dental care at **two Madison locations**, as well as a **clinic in Sun Prairie**. Almost all of their patients are low-income, with almost one-half living with incomes below 100 percent of the Federal Poverty Level. More than one-half are uninsured, with the remainder having Medicaid, Medicare, or private insurance. A sliding-scale discount program makes services affordable to patients with the fewest resources.

⁷ U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, http://www.va.gov/homeless/docs/HCHV_Sites_ByState.pdf

⁸ Milwaukee Homeless Veterans Initiative, <http://www.mkehomelessvets.org>

⁹ City of Madison, "Annual Report on Homeless Persons Served in Dane County," 2013, <http://www.cityofmadison.com/cdbg/documents/2013danecountyhomelessnessreport.pdf>

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Group Health Cooperative of South Central Wisconsin (GHC-SCW)¹⁰

GHC-SCW is a non-profit managed health care organization that provides the entire spectrum of health care services, including insurance, Primary Care and Specialty Care. The core of GHC-SCW is its nationally-ranked Primary Care Clinics, which integrate with the insurance arm of the organization to provide quality care with value-added services. **GHC works with Dane County homeless families to provide primary health care while helping them become eligible for Badger Care.**

HEALTH (Helping Educate and Link the Homeless) Program¹¹

The HEALTH Program was founded in 2009 to coordinate medical care and education for the homeless population in **Dane County**. The HEALTH Program serves as a bridge for homeless people who are often uninsured, unemployed, and disconnected from medical and other community services by providing direct case management for patients with significant health care needs. The HEALTH outreach care providers link patients who are homeless with primary care services and community resources, assist them in completing applications for available insurance coverage, provide education about medical conditions, and coordinate follow-up patient care plans.

Saturday Clinic for the Uninsured (SCU)¹²

SCU is a **completely medical student-run primary care clinic in Milwaukee** whose mission is twofold: (1) to provide comprehensive, patient-centered and equitable healthcare for uninsured patients and (2) to provide an educational platform for Medical College of Wisconsin (MCW) students to learn cultural sensitivity, professionalism and excellent care competencies by working with fellow medical students, residents and physicians. SCU provides basic primary care to many patients and manages chronic conditions as well as acute illness.

Milwaukee Enrollment Network¹³

MKEN is a consortium of more than 100 organizations supporting the enrollment of eligible individuals in public or private insurance with a focus on low-income, vulnerable populations. It is co-convened by Covering Kids & Families, the Milwaukee Health Care Partnership, and the Wisconsin Department of Health Services. MKEN has the following goals:

- Facilitate consumer and mobilizer outreach and education;
- Build the capacity and capability of the enrollment assister workforce and infrastructure;
- Support insurance take-up and retention; and
- Measure and monitor coverage and enrollment processes and outcomes.

Over 160 enrollment assisters were trained and deployed across 64 enrollment sites.

¹⁰ City of Madison, "Annual Report on Homeless Persons Served in Dane County," 2013, <http://www.cityofmadison.com/cdbg/documents/2013danecountyhomelessnessreport.pdf>

¹¹ City of Madison, "Annual Report on Homeless Persons Served in Dane County," 2013, <http://www.cityofmadison.com/cdbg/documents/2013danecountyhomelessnessreport.pdf>

¹² Wisconsin Association of Free and Charitable Clinics, <http://www.wafcclinics.org/member-clinic-spotlight.html>

¹³ Milwaukee Health Care Partnership, <http://mkehcp.org/mken/>

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Behavioral Health Services in Wisconsin

Comprehensive Community Services (CCS)¹⁴

The Wisconsin Department of Health Services provides CCS to people of all ages living with either a mental illness and/or substance use disorder. CCS is for individuals who need ongoing services beyond occasional outpatient care, but less than the intensive care provided in a hospital setting. The individual works with a dedicated team of service providers to develop a treatment and recovery plan to meet the individual's unique needs and goals. A 2013 study of the consumer experience in CCS found this targeted, community-based approach is effective in promoting better overall health and life satisfaction. CCS also reduces an individual's reliance on costly high-end services, such as emergency rooms.

CCS programming is supported by a variety of providers and may include: case management; communication skills training; community skills development and enhancement; employment related skill training; individual and family psychoeducation; medication management; physical health and monitoring; recovery education and illness management; residential support services; therapy; and substance use disorder treatment.

Milwaukee Community Access Recovery Services (CARS)¹⁵

CARS – a branch of the Behavioral Health Division of Milwaukee Health & Human Services – provides a full array of supportive, recovery-oriented services for persons with severe and persistent mental illness and/or issues with alcohol or other drug abuse. CARS serves over 10,000 Milwaukee County residents each year through its SAIL and Wiser Choice programs, which work together to ensure that individuals receive trustworthy, high quality, reliable services for mental health and/or AODA needs.

Service Access for Independent Living (SAIL)

The SAIL program helps adults with mental illness achieve the greatest possible independence and quality of life by assessing individual needs and facilitating access to appropriate community services and supports. Individuals can receive referrals to a variety of services, including: Targeted Case Management; Community Support Programs; Day Treatment; Group Home Placements; Community Recovery Services (CRS); and Comprehensive Community Services (CCS).

Wisconsin Supports Everyone's Recovery (Wiser) Choice

Wiser Choice is Milwaukee County's public alcohol and drug treatment and recovery service system, open to County residents ages 18-59 with a history of alcohol or drug use, with priority given to families with children and pregnant women (regardless of age). Individuals may access the Wiser Choice system by visiting a Central Intake Unit (CIU). CIUs conduct assessments on a first-come-first-served basis, Monday thru Friday, and provide referrals to treatment services, including: Outpatient; Care Coordination; Day Treatment; Residential; Methadone Maintenance; Detoxification; and Recovery Support Services.

¹⁴ Wisconsin Department of Health Services, <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/ccs/index.htm>

¹⁵ Milwaukee County, <http://county.milwaukee.gov/BHD-CARS.htm>

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United Way Milwaukee Community Services (WCS) - Behavioral Health Services Division¹⁶

The WCS Behavioral Health Services Division assists individuals who are in need of treatment programming due to their mental illness, drug addiction, alcohol abuse, or a combination of these. Programs that are operated by the Behavioral Health Services Division include:

- **WCS Outpatient Mental Health Clinic:** Provides individuals with mental health treatment along with important ancillary services including medication monitoring, housing assistance, benefit acquisition and an on-site pharmacy.
- **Forensic Services programs:** Advocate for and coordinate the provision of community-based rehabilitation and treatment services for persons found Not Guilty by Reason of Mental Disease or Defect who are returning to the community.
- **Unlimited Potential:** A licensed Outpatient Day Treatment Program for those in need of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse (AODA) counseling and mental health treatment.
- **WCS Recovery Services:** WCS is a provider of Wiser Choice services. Programming provides people seeking drug and alcohol treatment with vouchers to pay for a range of appropriate community-based services.

L.E. Phillips-Libertas Treatment Center of St. Joseph's Hospital¹⁷

Through collaboration with the Open Door Clinic, Hospital Sisters Health System (HSHS) Western Wisconsin Division provides free behavioral health services at the L.E. Phillips-Libertas Treatment Center of St. Joseph's Hospital to Chippewa County citizens who otherwise have little or no access to this type of service.

HIV/AIDS Health Resources in Wisconsin

Wisconsin AIDS/HIV Insurance Assistance Program¹⁸

Wisconsin's AIDS/HIV Insurance Assistance Program helps persons with HIV maintain access to health insurance. The program does this by subsidizing policy premiums. To be eligible, an individual must live in Wisconsin, have a family income that does not exceed 300% of the federal poverty level (FPL), have a doctor certify that the individual has HIV infection, and have or be eligible for health insurance coverage under a group health plan or an individual health plan. The program subsidizes premiums for group health continuation coverage, Medicare supplement policies, Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Plans (PDPs), and individual policies.

AIDS Resource Center of Wisconsin (ARCW) Medical Center¹⁹

The ARCW Medical Center is Wisconsin's largest and most comprehensive provider of HIV health and social services, operating nearly statewide. HIV patients receive integrated medical, dental, mental health and pharmacy care at ARCW. The ARCW Medical Center is the first community-based health care clinic in Wisconsin to gain official recognition by the National Committee on Quality Assurance (NCQA) for its commitment to high quality medical care. The recognition specifies the ARCW Medical Center as a patient-centered medical home for its more than 1,200 HIV medical patients.

¹⁶ United Way Wisconsin Community Services, <http://www.wiscs.org/programs/behavioral/>

¹⁷ St. Joseph's Hospital, "FY2012 Community Needs Assessment," http://www.chippewahealth.org/community_needs_assessment.pdf

¹⁸ Wisconsin Department of Health Services, <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/aids-hiv/hips.htm>

¹⁹ AIDS Resource Center of Wisconsin, http://www.arcw.org/about-us/arcw_medical_center_a_nationally_recognized_medical_home/

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WISCONSIN HEALTH CARE FUNDING AND MANAGEMENT

*Managed Care in Wisconsin*²⁰

As of 2014, there are six managed care programs in Wisconsin:

- **BadgerCare Plus**, Wisconsin's merged Medicaid and CHIP program, provides acute, primary, and behavioral health services to parents and children.
- **Medicaid SSI Managed Care Program** launched in 2005 and provides primary and acute care benefits, including coordination of social and vocational services. The state requires low-income adults and individuals with disabilities who live in select regions and receive social security income (SSI) to enroll in and receive services from a risk-based MCO. (There are exceptions for dual eligibles, those enrolled in home and community-based service waiver programs, or those who have only one HMO in the region of residence).
- **Children Come First** (started in Dane County in 1993) and **Wrap Around Milwaukee** (started in Milwaukee county 1997) both provide behavioral health services to children with severe emotional disturbances in home and community settings rather than in residential treatment centers and inpatient psychiatric hospitals.
- **Wisconsin Family Care Partnership**, which began in 1996, provides participants in 14 counties with Medicaid long-term services and supports as well as Medicare acute care, through Medicare Advantage Special Needs Plans (MA-SNPs).
- **Family Care**, which started in 1999 and has since expanded nearly statewide, provides all Medicaid covered long term services and supports, as well as outpatient behavioral health, to people who qualify for, or are at risk of, institutional level of care.

Wisconsin also operates a small **PACE program**, which covers all acute care and long term services and supports to individuals in Milwaukee county age 55 and over who meet a nursing home level of care. As of January 2013, the state is also creating a "virtual PACE" program that will contract with a set of entities that are not co-located (as in other PACE programs) but together would provide Medicare and Medicaid-covered services to dual eligibles in select regions of the state.

Medical Homes

A medical home is a coordinated care model focused on acute care for all populations. They are typically defined as physician-led primary care practices, which bring together a team of medical professionals (including nurses, nurse care managers, medical assistants, office support staff, and sometimes pharmacists and social workers) to coordinate and personalize medical care.

Wisconsin Medical Homes²¹

Early medical home development and implementation in Wisconsin has primarily focused on serving children and youth with special health care needs (CYSHCN). The Wisconsin Statewide Medical Home Initiative (WiSMHI), funded by the Children's Hospital of Wisconsin and the Wisconsin Department of Health Services, Division of Public Health, CYSHCN Program, works to promote the concepts of medical home for primary care clinicians, families, and service providers throughout the state. Training, technical assistance and resources are provided to support medical home

²⁰ Wisconsin Department of Health Services, <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/familycare/mcos.htm> and Medicaid.Gov, <https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid-chip-program-information/by-topics/delivery-systems/managed-care/downloads/wisconsin-mcp.pdf>

²¹ Wisconsin Medical Home Initiative, <http://www.wismhi.org/WiSMHI-home> and the Wisconsin Medical Home Toolkit, <http://wimedicalhometoolkit.org/toolkit/index.html>

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implementation, with a focus on the early identification of developmental concerns in primary care and in the coordination of care and services for CYSHCN.

The CYSHCN Program at the Wisconsin Department of Health Services, in partnership with the Wisconsin Chapter – American Academy of Pediatrics, Wisconsin Academy of Family Physicians, and Family Voices of Wisconsin, has developed “**Building a Medical Home Partnership: A Wisconsin Toolkit.**” In this online toolkit, Wisconsin physicians and families share their stories and insights on creating a Medical Home Partnership. This toolkit can be accessed at: <http://wimedicalhometoolkit.org/toolkit/index.cfm>.

In 2014, Wisconsin received federal approval to operate a medical home to provide benefits to foster children entitled **Care4Kids**. Care4Kids provides benefits to qualifying foster kids via a non-risk Prepaid Inpatient Health Plan (PIHP).

Medicaid

Wisconsin State Medicaid Plan²²

Overview: Historically, Medicaid eligibility was restricted to specific categories of low-income individuals, such as children, their parents, pregnant women, the elderly, or individuals with disabilities. In most states, adults without dependent children were ineligible for Medicaid, regardless of their income, and income limits for parents were very low. The Affordable Care Act (ACA) extended Medicaid to nearly all nonelderly adults with incomes at or below 138% of poverty (about \$32,500 for a family of four in 2013). All states previously expanded eligibility for children to higher levels than

has not expanded Medicaid under the guidelines laid out in the ACA, the state’s Badger Care Medicaid program does cover all legally present residents with incomes below 100% of the federal poverty level.

Medicaid Enrollees and Expenditures: As of May 2015, Medicaid and CHIP cover 1,052,820 Wisconsinites. It is estimated that 274,000 additional people would be covered if Wisconsin implemented the Medicaid expansion, and that the state is leaving \$12.3 billion on the table over the next decade by not expanding Medicaid. However, **Wisconsin is the only non-Medicaid-expansion state that does not have a coverage gap; all low-income residents either have access to Medicaid or subsidies to help them purchase private coverage in the exchange.**

How Care is Delivered in Wisconsin Medicaid: In 1999, the state began using managed care to provide Medicaid (BadgerCare in Wisconsin) acute, primary, and behavioral health services to parents and children. In 2008, Wisconsin merged Medicaid with CHIP to create the BadgerCare Plus program. Most BadgerCare Plus beneficiaries are required to enroll in a managed care plan. As of July 2011, about two thirds of Medicaid beneficiaries were enrolled in at least one of six managed care programs.

²² Medicaid.Gov, <https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid-chip-program-information/by-state/wisconsin.html> and HealthInsurance.Org, <https://www.healthinsurance.org/wisconsin-medicaid/>

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APPENDIX A: FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTERS (FQHCs) IN WISCONSIN²³

NAME OF HEALTH CENTER	CITY
Access Community Health Centers- Dodgeville Dental Clinic	Dodgeville
Access Community Health Centers- Erdman Dental Clinic	Madison
Access Community Health Centers- Erdman Medical Clinic	Madison
Access Community Health Centers- Evjue Dental Clinic	Madison
Access Community Health Centers- Evjue Medical Clinic	Madison
Access Community Health Centers- Sun Prairie Dental Clinic	Sun Prairie
Access Community Health Centers- Wingra Family Medical Center	Madison
Bridge Community Health Clinic	Wausau
Community Health Systems Of Beloit, WI	Beloit
Community Health Systems Of Darlington, WI (Dental Only)	Darlington
Community Health Systems Of Janesville, WI	Janesville
Community Health Systems Of Racine, WI	Racine
Family Health Center Of Marshfield, Inc.	Marshfield
Family Health/ La Clinica	Wautoma
Isaac Coggs Heritage Health Center	Milwaukee
Kenosha Community Health Center	Kenosha
Lake Superior Community Health Center	Superior
Marshfield Dental Clinic Center In Neillsville	Neillsville
MLK Heritage Health Center	Milwaukee
North East Wisconsin (N.E.W) Community Clinic	Green Bay
North East Wisconsin (N.E.W) Medical And Dental Clinic At Northeast Wisconsin Technical College	Green Bay
Northern Health Centers- Lakewood Dental	Lakewood
Northern Health Centers- Lakewood Medical	Lakewood
Northern Health Centers- Oconto Dental	Oconto
Northern Health Centers- White Lake Medical	White Lake
NorthLakes Community Clinic- AODA	Ashland
NorthLakes Community Clinic- Ashland	Ashland
NorthLakes Community Clinic- Hayward	Hayward
NorthLakes Community Clinic- Iron River	Iron River
NorthLakes Community Clinic- Minong	Minong
NorthLakes Community Clinic- Dental Clinic	Hayward
Outreach Community Health Center	Milwaukee
Partnership Community Health Center- Dental	Menasha

²³ Wisconsin Department of Health Services (DHS), Division of Health Care Access and Accountability (DHCAA), Bureau of Enrollment Policy and Systems (BEPS), <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/fqhc.pdf>

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NAME OF HEALTH CENTER	CITY
Partnership Community Health Center- Medical	Appleton
Progressive Community Health Centers- Hillside Health Center	Milwaukee
Progressive Community Health Centers- Lisbon Health Center	Milwaukee
Red Cliff Community Health Center	Bayfield
Scenic Bluffs Community Health Center- Cashton	Cashton
Scenic Bluffs Community Health Center- Norwalk	Norwalk
Sixteenth Street Community Health Center- Chavez Health Center	Milwaukee
Sixteenth Street Community Health Center- Parkway Health Center	Milwaukee
Waukesha Community Health Center	Waukesha

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APPENDIX B: FREE CLINICS IN WISCONSIN²⁴

CLINIC NAME	CITY
Albrecht Free Clinic	West Bend
Angel Of Hope	Milwaukee
Aurora Walker's Point Community Clinic	Milwaukee
Benevolent Specialist Project- Free Clinic	Middleton
Bread Of Healing- Cross Lutheran Church	Milwaukee
Bread Of Healing- Eastbrook Church	Milwaukee
Bread Of Healing- Florist Avenue Lutheran Church Clinic	Milwaukee
Chippewa Valley Free Clinic	Eau Claire
Church Health Services, Inc.	Beaver Dam
City On A Hill Clinic	Milwaukee
Community Clinic Of Door County	Sturgeon Bay
Community Connections Free Clinic	Dodgeville
Community Outreach Health Clinic	Menomonee Falls
Dean And St. Mary's Neighborhood Asthma Clinic	Middleton
Dental Clinic- Waukesha	Cedarburg
Dental Clinic At The Salvation Army	Madison
Eagle's Wing Free Clinic	Mukwonago
Free Clinic Of Pierce St. Croix Counties	River Falls
Free Clinic Of The Greater Menomonee Area, Inc.	Menomonee
Good Neighbor Clinic	Prairie du Sac
Greater Milwaukee Free Clinic	West Allis
Health Care Network, Inc.	Racine
HealthNet Of Rock County Inc.	Janesville
Huiras Family Ozaukee Community Health Clinic	Mequon
InHealth Community Wellness Free Clinic	Boscobel
Lake Area Free Clinic	Oconomowoc
Living Healthy Community Clinic	Oshkosh
Marquette Clinic For Women & Children	Milwaukee
MEDiC	Madison
N.E.W. Community Clinic	Green Bay
New Testament Church Free Clinic	Milwaukee
Open Arms Free Clinic	Elkhorn
Open Door Free Clinic- Unity Church	Milwaukee
Phillipine Center Free Medical Clinic	Greenfield

²⁴ Wisconsin Department of Health Services, <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/free.pdf>

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CLINIC NAME	CITY
Pro Health Care	Waukesha
Red Shield Free Clinic	Sheboygan
Repairers Of The Breach Medical Clinic	Milwaukee
Rice Lake Area Free Clinic	Rice Lake
Richland Community Free Clinic	Richland Center
Rock River Free Clinic	Jefferson
Salvation Army Clinic	Milwaukee
Samaritan Health Clinic- Fond Du Lac	Fond du Lac
Samaritan Health Clinic- Waupun	Waupun
Saturday Clinic for the Uninsured	Milwaukee
Seton Dental Clinic	Milwaukee
Springer Health Access Program	Rhineland
St. Ben's Clinic	Milwaukee
St. Clare Health Care	Wisconsin Dells
St. Clare Health Mission	LaCrosse
St. Clare Health Mission Of Sparta	Sparta
St. Francis Community Free Walk-In Clinic	Oshkosh
St. Joseph's Medical Clinic	Waukesha
St. Vincent de Paul Free Clinic	Merrill
The Open Door Clinic, Inc.	Chippewa Falls
Twin Counties Free Clinic	Marinette
Watertown Area Care Clinic	Watertown

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APPENDIX C: RURAL HEALTH CLINICS (RHCs) IN WISCONSIN²⁵

RHC Name	County
Affinity Medical Group RHC	Waupaca
Aspirus Gilman Clinic	Taylor
Aspirus Grand View Clinic	Iron
Aspirus Medford Clinic	Taylor
Aspirus Phillips Clinic	Price
Aspirus Prentice Clinic	Price
Aspirus Rib Lake Clinic	Taylor
Aurora Nor Door Clinic	Door
Baldwin Clinic	St. Croix
Bellin Health Oconto Clinic	Oconto
Bland Clinic VMH	Vernon
Burnett Medical Center Clinic	Burnett
Elroy Family Medical Center	Juneau
Florence Medical Center	Florence
FMC Algoma	Kewaunee
FMC Kewaunee	Kewaunee
FMC Oconto Falls	Oconto
Frederic Clinic	Polk
Gundersen Boscobel Area Hospital and Clinics	Grant
Gundersen Boscobel Area Hospital and Clinics- Fennimore	Grant
Gundersen Boscobel Area Hospital and Clinics- Muscoda	Grant
Gundersen Tri County Hospital and Clinics- Independence	Trempealeau
Gundersen Tri County Hospital and Clinics- Blair	Trempealeau
Gundersen Tri County Hospital and Clinics- Whitehall	Trempealeau
Hirsch Clinic	Vernon
Ingalls Clinic	Burnett
Kickapoo Valley Medical Clinic	Crawford
La Pointe Community Clinic	Ashland
La Farge Medical Clinic	Vernon
Luck Medical Clinic	Polk
Mayo Clinic HS Franciscan Healthcare	Monroe
Mayo Clinic HS Northland	Barron
Memorial Medical Center Greenwood	Clark
Memorial Medical Center Loyal	Clark
Memorial Medical Center Neillsville	Clark
Mile Bluff Clinic	Juneau
Ministry Medical Group Crandon	Forest
Ministry Medical Group Laona	Forest
Ministry Medical Group Owen	Clark

²⁵ Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), <https://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/downloads/rhclistbyprovidername.pdf>

HEALTHCARE AND HOUSING (H²) SYSTEMS INTEGRATION INITIATIVE WISCONSIN

Medicaid Coverage and Other Health Care Resources

Ministry Medical Group Stanley	Chippewa
Ministry Medical Group Thorp	Clark
Moundview Memorial Clinic	Adams
Muscoda Health Center	Grant
Necedah Family Medical Center	Juneau
New Lisbon Family Medical Center	Juneau
North Shore Medical Clinic Algoma	Kewaunee
North Shore Medical Clinic Fish Creek	Door
North Shore Medical Clinic Sturgeon Bay	Door
North Shore Medical Clinic Washington Island	Door
Northreach Healthcare Crivitz	Marinette
Northreach Healthcare Family Care	Marinette
Peshtigo Family Medicine Clinic	Marinette
Plain Medical Clinic	Sauk
River Valley Medical Clinic	Sauk
Spring Green Medical Center	Sauk
St. Clare Memorial Hospital Gillett Health Center	Oconto
St. Clare Memorial Hospital Lena Health Center	Oconto
St. Clare Memorial Hospital Mountain Health Center	Oconto
St. Clare Memorial Hospital Oconto Falls Health Center	Oconto
St. Clare Memorial Hospital Oconto Health Center	Oconto
St. Clare Memorial Hospital Suring Health Center	Oconto
St. Joseph's Health SVCS Hillsboro Clinic	Vernon
St. Joseph's Health SVCS Wonewoc Clinic	Juneau
Stone Lake Medical Clinic	Sawyer
Upland Hills Health Clinic Highland	Iowa
Upland Hills Health Clinic Montfort	Grant
Wausaukee Health Center	Marinette